



Patterns of High vs. Standard dose flu vaccinations in Canadian Primary Care: A Baseline Cohort Pilot Study





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Background

The high dose flu vaccination in newly available to Canadians and recommended for adults aged ≥65 years. Describing patterns of flu vaccination in Canadian primary care using electronic medical records (EMR) is challenging. By using a combination of the ATC code and product lot number, we can differentiate between high and standard dose flu vaccination using routinely collected structured EMR data.

Objective

Construct and describe baseline cohorts of patients who received a flu vaccine during the 2018-2019 and 2019-2020-flu season.

Results

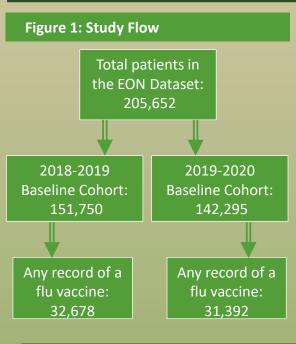


Table 1: High vs. Standard flu vaccinations in EON patients by Age Category during the 2018-2019 and 2019-2020 Canadian Flu Seasons.

	2018-2019 Flu Season		2019-2020 Flu Season	
	≥65 years old	≤64 years old	≥65 years old	≤64 years old
High	6,961/19,037	398/13,641 (2.9%)	6702/18,910	197/12,482
Dose	(36.6%)		(35.4%)	(1.6%)
Stan-	12,076/19,037 (63.4%)	13,243/13,64	12,208/18,91	12,285/12,48
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Dose		(97.1%)	(64.6%)	(98.4%)

NB: Data source is Eastern Ontario Network, Q4-2020; Data presented as n/N (%)

Method

Data: Q42020 data from Eastern Ontario Network (EON)

Patients: Patients who received a flu vaccination administered by primary care provider indicated by ATC code (J07BB) during the 2018-19 or 2019-20 Canadian flu seasons. Baseline cohorts for each flu season included patients with ≥1 encounter over 2 years (Jun 1 2017-May 31 2019 and Jun 1 2018-May 31 2020)

High vs. Standard Dose: Vaccination dose was determined by specific lot numbers supplied by study sponsor

Results (cont'd)

During the 2018-2019 flu season 21.5% of the patients received a flu shot from their primary health care provider. Of those who received a flu shot:

- 36.6% of the patients aged 65 years of age and older received a high dose flu vaccination
- 2.9% of patients aged 64 years and younger received a high dose flu vaccine.

During the 2019-2020 flu season 22.1% of the patients received a flu shot from their primary health care provider. Of those who received a flu shot:

- 35.4% of the patients aged 65 years of age and older received a high dose flu vaccination
- 1.6%% of patients aged 64 years and younger received a high dose flu vaccine.

Conclusion & Next Steps

 We successfully assembled two cohorts of patients who received a flu shot and were able to differentiate between high and standard dose vaccinations.

Next:

- Describe age, SES and CPCSSN validated comorbidity related patterns of standard vs. high dose flu vaccinations in Canadian primary care.
- Explore the relationship between flu vaccine dose and subsequent evidence of any respiratory infections.

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